Breast cancer: Antibody selection, protocol optimzation controls and EQA NordiQC Workshop in Aalborg

19<sup>th</sup> - 21<sup>st</sup> September

Rasmus Røge, MD, NordiQC scheme organizer

With compliments to Søren Nielsen



# IHC markers in Breast Cancer





# IHC markers in Breast Cancer







2018: General – 359, Breast cancer module – 460, HER2-ISH – 231, Companion module – 187



# Estrogen receptor (ER)

Data obtained in run B25, 2018







### Assessment B25 2018 Estrogen receptor (ER)

### Material

The slide to be stained for ER comprised:

| No. | Tissue           | ER-positivity* | ER-intensity*      | (The second seco |
|-----|------------------|----------------|--------------------|--|
| 1.  | Uterine cervix   | 80- 90%        | Moderate to strong | 1  |
| 2.  | Tonsil           | < 2-5%         | Weak to strong     | -  |
| 3.  | Breast carcinoma | 0%             | Negative           | 2  |
| 4.  | Breast carcinoma | 90- 100%       | Moderate to strong | 6770   |
| 5.  | Breast carcinoma | 60-80%         | Weak to moderate   | 4  |
| 6.  | Breast carcinoma | 90-100%        | Weak to moderate   | 4  |

\*ER-status and staining pattern as characterized by the NordiQC reference laboratories using the rmAb clones EP1 and SP1.

Main focus of assessment:

- Appropriate technical quality (signal-to-noise, good morphology etc.)
- Appropriate analytical sensitivity and specificity – indicated by concordance of ER status and proportion of positive cells in the included tumours to references

Breast cancer module – assessment setup (B25)







### Performance history

This was the eighteenth NordiQC assessment of ER. The proportion of sufficient results was similar compared to the latest run (see Graph 1).

### Graph 1. Participant numbers and pass rates for ER during 18 runs



ER: Overall performance



# ER: Protocol parameters

# Pass rate influenced by protocol harmonization and availability of fully automated IHC systems

|                         | 2003<br>B8 | 2017<br>B23 |
|-------------------------|------------|-------------|
| Ready-To-Use format     | 21%        | 81%         |
| HIER by in-house buffer | 88%        | 5%          |
| HIER by high pH         | 70%        | 94%         |
| Polymer/multimer kit    | 56%        | 97%         |
| Fully automated system  | 6%         | 78%         |





Sunil Badve,<sup>1</sup> I Tudor Vladislav,<sup>1</sup> Betsy Spaulding,<sup>2</sup> Anna Strickland,<sup>2</sup> Sylvia Hernandez,<sup>1</sup> Lisa Bird-Turner,<sup>1</sup> Cecelia Dodson,<sup>1</sup> Bjorn Elleby,<sup>2</sup> Therese Phillips<sup>2</sup>

Immunohistochemical Detection Using the New Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody SP1 of Estrogen Receptor in Breast Cancer Is Superior to Mouse Monoclonal Antibody 1D5 in Predicting Survival

Maggie C.U. Cheang, Diana O. Treaba, Caroline H. Speers, Ivo A. Olivotto, Chris D. Bajdik, Stephen K. Chia, Lynn C. Goldstein, Karen A. Gelmon, David Huntsman, C. Blake Gilks, Torsten O. Nielsen, and Allen M. Gown



# ER: Pass rate influenced by participation

|               | New participants | Old participants |
|---------------|------------------|------------------|
| Run B10, 2004 | 57% (n=61)       | 71% (n=134)      |
| Run B15, 2010 | 70% (n=54)       | 86% (n=208)      |
| Run B19, 2015 | 51% (n=86)       | 73% (n=259)      |
| Run B25, 2017 | 87% (n=38)       | 93% (n=326)      |



Р В

G 0

# ER: Typical challenges

85% Weak / False negative

10% False positive



Too low titre (EP1, SP1 conc.) Insufficient HIER, Clone 1D5 Clone 6F11 by HIER at high pH, 3-step pol. (not observed on VMS) Clone 1D5 at high titre, Biotin-based kits, HIER in pressure cooker

5% Impaired morphology, etc



| Table 1. Antibodies and assessment marks for ER, B25  |  |  |  |   |  |  |   |   |
|---|--|--|--|---|--|--|---|---|
| Concentrated<br>antibodies  | n  | Vendor   | Optimal  | Good  | Borderline   | Poor   | Suff.1  | Suff.<br>OPS <sup>2</sup>                             |
| mAb clone <b>6F11</b>   | 22<br>1  | Leica/Novocastra<br>Celnovte   | 10   | 8   | 4  | 1  | 78%   | 87%   |
| rmAb clone <b>EP1</b>   | 12<br>2<br>1   | Dako/Agilent<br>Cell Marque<br>BioGenex  | 7  | 6   | 2  | 0  | 87%   | 91%   |
| rmAb clone <b>SP1</b>   | 22<br>4<br>3<br>1<br>1<br>1  | Thermo Scientific<br>Cell Marque<br>Spring Bioscience<br>Immunologic<br>BioCare<br>Zytomed   | 22   | 6   | 2  | 2  | 88%   | 93%   |
| rmAb clone S21-V  | 1  | DB Biotech   | 0  | 0   | 0  | 1  | -   | -   |
| mAb clone 1D5   | 1  | Dako/Agilent   | 0  | 1   | 0  | 0  | -   | -   |
| Ready-To-Use<br>antibodies  |  |  |  |   |  |  |   |   |
| mAb clone 1D5<br>IR/IS657   | 1  | Dako/Agilent   | 0  | 0   | 1  | 0  | -   | -   |
| mAb clones<br>1D5 + ER-2-123<br>SK310   | 2  | Dako/Agilent   | o  | 1   | 1  | 0  | -   | -   |
| mAb clones<br>1D5 + ER-2-123<br>K4071   | 1  | Dako/Agilent   | 0  | 1   | 0  | 0  | -   | -   |
|   |  |  |  |   |  |  |   |   |
| mAb clone 6F11<br>PA0009/PA0151   | 10   | Leica  | 5  | 3   | 2  | 0  | 80%   | 100%  |
| mAb clone <b>6F11</b><br><b>PA0009/PA0151</b><br>rmAb <b>EP1</b><br><b>8361-C010</b>  | 10<br>1  | Leica<br>Sakura Finetek  | 5<br>1   | 3<br>0  | 2<br>0   | 0<br>0   | 80%   | -   |
| mAb clone 6F11<br>PA0009/PA0151<br>rmAb EP1<br>8361-C010<br>rmAb EP1<br>IR/IS084  | 10<br>1<br>45  | Leica<br>Sakura Finetek<br>Dako/Agilent  | 5<br>1<br>17   | 3<br>0<br>24  | 2<br>0<br>3  | 0<br>0<br>1  | 80%<br>-<br>91%   | 100%<br>-<br>94%                                      |
| mAb clone 6F11<br>PA0009/PA0151<br>rmAb EP1<br>8361-C010<br>rmAb EP1<br>IR/IS084<br>rmAb EP1<br>GA084   | 10<br>1<br>45<br>24  | Leica<br>Sakura Finetek<br>Dako/Agilent<br>Dako/Agilent  | 5<br>1<br>17<br>14   | 3<br>0<br>24<br>8   | 2<br>0<br>3<br>2   | 0<br>0<br>1<br>0   | 80%<br>-<br>91%<br>92%  | 100%<br>-<br>94%<br>94%                               |
| mAb clone 6F11<br>PA0009/PA0151<br>rmAb EP1<br>8361-C010<br>rmAb EP1<br>IR/IS084<br>rmAb EP1<br>GA084<br>rmAb clone SP1<br>790-4324/5   | 10<br>1<br>45<br>24<br>196   | Leica<br>Sakura Finetek<br>Dako/Agilent<br>Dako/Agilent<br>Ventana/Roche   | 5<br>1<br>17<br>14<br>123  | 3<br>0<br>24<br>8<br>66   | 2<br>0<br>3<br>2<br>7  | 0<br>0<br>1<br>0   | 80%<br>-<br>91%<br>92%<br>96%   | 100%<br>-<br>94%<br>94%<br>96%                        |
| mAb clone 6F11<br>PA0009/PA0151<br>rmAb EP1<br>8361-C010<br>rmAb EP1<br>IR/IS084<br>rmAb EP1<br>GA084<br>rmAb clone SP1<br>790-4324/5<br>rmAb clone SP1<br>249R-1   | 10<br>1<br>45<br>24<br>196<br>4                                      | Leica<br>Sakura Finetek<br>Dako/Agilent<br>Dako/Agilent<br>Ventana/Roche<br>Cell Marque  | 5<br>1<br>17<br>14<br>123<br>2   | 3<br>0<br>24<br>8<br>66<br>2  | 2<br>0<br>3<br>2<br>7<br>0   | 0<br>0<br>1<br>0<br>0  | 80%<br>-<br>91%<br>92%<br>96%<br>-                                    | 100%<br>-<br>94%<br>94%<br>96%<br>-                   |
| mAb clone 6F11<br>PA0009/PA0151<br>rmAb EP1<br>8361-C010<br>rmAb EP1<br>IR/IS084<br>rmAb EP1<br>GA084<br>rmAb clone SP1<br>790-4324/5<br>rmAb clone SP1<br>249R-1<br>rmAb clone SP1<br>KIT-0012   | 10<br>1<br>45<br>24<br>196<br>4                                      | Leica<br>Sakura Finetek<br>Dako/Agilent<br>Dako/Agilent<br>Ventana/Roche<br>Cell Marque<br>Maixin  | 5<br>1<br>17<br>14<br>123<br>2<br>1                                      | 3<br>0<br>24<br>8<br>66<br>2<br>0   | 2<br>0<br>3<br>2<br>7<br>0<br>0  | 0<br>0<br>1<br>0<br>0<br>0   | 80%<br>-<br>91%<br>92%<br>96%<br>-<br>-                               | 100%<br>-<br>94%<br>94%<br>-<br>-                     |
| MAb clone 6F11<br>PA0009/PA0151<br>rmAb EP1<br>8361-C010<br>rmAb EP1<br>IR/IS084<br>rmAb EP1<br>GA084<br>rmAb clone SP1<br>790-4324/5<br>rmAb clone SP1<br>249R-1<br>rmAb clone SP1<br>KIT-0012<br>rmAb clone SP1<br>RMPD001  | 10<br>1<br>45<br>24<br>196<br>4<br>1<br>1                            | Leica<br>Sakura Finetek<br>Dako/Agilent<br>Dako/Agilent<br>Ventana/Roche<br>Cell Marque<br>Maixin<br>Diagnostic Biosystems   | 5<br>1<br>17<br>14<br>123<br>2<br>1<br>0                                 | 3<br>0<br>24<br>8<br>66<br>2<br>0<br>0                                    | 2<br>0<br>3<br>2<br>7<br>0<br>0<br>1                                     | 0<br>0<br>1<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0   | 80%<br>-<br>91%<br>92%<br>96%<br>-<br>-<br>-                          | 100%<br>-<br>94%<br>96%<br>-<br>-                     |
| mAb clone 6F11<br>PA0009/PA0151<br>rmAb EP1<br>8361-C010<br>rmAb EP1<br>IR/IS084<br>rmAb EP1<br>GA084<br>rmAb clone SP1<br>790-4324/5<br>rmAb clone SP1<br>249R-1<br>rmAb clone SP1<br>KIT-0012<br>rmAb clone SP1<br>RMPD001<br>rmAb clone SP1<br>ILM30142-R25  | 10<br>1<br>45<br>24<br>196<br>4<br>1<br>1<br>1                       | Leica<br>Sakura Finetek<br>Dako/Agilent<br>Dako/Agilent<br>Ventana/Roche<br>Cell Marque<br>Maixin<br>Diagnostic Biosystems<br>Immunologic  | 5<br>1<br>17<br>14<br>123<br>2<br>1<br>0<br>1                            | 3<br>0<br>24<br>8<br>66<br>2<br>0<br>0<br>0                               | 2<br>0<br>3<br>2<br>7<br>0<br>0<br>1<br>0                                | 0<br>1<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0                               | 80%<br>-<br>91%<br>92%<br>96%<br>-<br>-<br>-<br>-                     | 100%<br>-<br>94%<br>96%<br>-<br>-<br>-<br>-           |
| mAb clone 6F11<br>PA0009/PA0151<br>rmAb EP1<br>8361-C010<br>rmAb EP1<br>IR/IS084<br>rmAb EP1<br>GA084<br>rmAb clone SP1<br>790-4324/5<br>rmAb clone SP1<br>249R-1<br>rmAb clone SP1<br>KIT-0012<br>rmAb clone SP1<br>RMPD001<br>rmAb clone SP1<br>ILM30142-R25<br>rmAb clone SP1<br>MAD-000306QD  | 10<br>1<br>45<br>24<br>196<br>4<br>1<br>1<br>1<br>1<br>1             | Leica<br>Sakura Finetek<br>Dako/Agilent<br>Dako/Agilent<br>Ventana/Roche<br>Cell Marque<br>Maixin<br>Diagnostic Biosystems<br>Immunologic<br>Master Diagnostica                      | 5<br>1<br>17<br>14<br>123<br>2<br>1<br>0<br>1<br>0<br>1<br>0             | 3<br>0<br>24<br>8<br>66<br>2<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0                     | 2<br>0<br>3<br>2<br>7<br>0<br>0<br>1<br>0<br>1<br>0                      | 0<br>1<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0                     | 80%<br>-<br>91%<br>92%<br>96%<br>-<br>-<br>-<br>-<br>-<br>-           | 100%<br>-<br>94%<br>96%<br>-<br>-<br>-<br>-           |
| mAb clone 6F11<br>PA0009/PA0151<br>rmAb EP1<br>8361-C010<br>rmAb EP1<br>IR/IS084<br>rmAb EP1<br>GA084<br>rmAb clone SP1<br>790-4324/5<br>rmAb clone SP1<br>249R-1<br>rmAb clone SP1<br>KIT-0012<br>rmAb clone SP1<br>RMPD001<br>rmAb clone SP1<br>ILM30142-R25<br>rmAb clone SP1<br>MAD-000306QD<br>rmAb clone SP1<br>RM-9101-R7          | 10<br>1<br>45<br>24<br>196<br>4<br>1<br>1<br>1<br>1<br>1<br>1        | Leica<br>Sakura Finetek<br>Dako/Agilent<br>Dako/Agilent<br>Ventana/Roche<br>Cell Marque<br>Maixin<br>Diagnostic Biosystems<br>Immunologic<br>Master Diagnostica<br>Thermo Scientific | 5<br>1<br>17<br>14<br>123<br>2<br>1<br>0<br>1<br>0<br>1<br>0<br>1        | 3<br>0<br>24<br>8<br>66<br>2<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>1<br>0           | 2<br>0<br>3<br>2<br>7<br>0<br>0<br>1<br>0<br>1<br>0<br>0<br>0            | 0<br>0<br>1<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0 | 80%<br>-<br>91%<br>92%<br>96%<br>-<br>-<br>-<br>-<br>-<br>-<br>-      | 100%<br>-<br>94%<br>96%<br>-<br>-<br>-<br>-<br>-<br>- |
| mAb clone 6F11<br>PA0009/PA0151<br>rmAb EP1<br>8361-C010<br>rmAb EP1<br>IR/IS084<br>rmAb EP1<br>GA084<br>rmAb clone SP1<br>790-4324/5<br>rmAb clone SP1<br>249R-1<br>rmAb clone SP1<br>KIT-0012<br>rmAb clone SP1<br>RMPD001<br>rmAb clone SP1<br>ILM30142-R25<br>rmAb clone SP1<br>MAD-000306QD<br>rmAb clone SP1<br>RM-9101-R7<br>Total | 10<br>1<br>45<br>24<br>196<br>4<br>1<br>1<br>1<br>1<br>1<br>1<br>361 | Leica<br>Sakura Finetek<br>Dako/Agilent<br>Dako/Agilent<br>Ventana/Roche<br>Cell Marque<br>Maixin<br>Diagnostic Biosystems<br>Immunologic<br>Master Diagnostica<br>Thermo Scientific | 5<br>1<br>17<br>14<br>123<br>2<br>1<br>0<br>1<br>0<br>1<br>0<br>1<br>204 | 3<br>0<br>24<br>8<br>66<br>2<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>1<br>0<br>1<br>2<br>7 | 2<br>0<br>3<br>2<br>7<br>0<br>0<br>1<br>0<br>1<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>25 | 0<br>0<br>1<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>5                | 80%<br>-<br>91%<br>92%<br>96%<br>-<br>-<br>-<br>-<br>-<br>-<br>-<br>- | 100%<br>-<br>94%<br>96%<br>-<br>-<br>-<br>-<br>-      |

### Concentrated format: Overall protocol parameters

HIER alk. pH 2- & 3-step kits

Carefully calibration of primary Ab

ER: Selection of primary Ab and format

Proportion of sufficient stains (optimal or good).
 Proportion of sufficient stains with optimal protocol settings only, see below.



| RTU systems   | Vendor rec<br>protocol | ommended<br>settings* | Laboratory modified<br>protocol settings** |               |  |
|---|------------------------|-----------------------|--|---------------|--|
|   | Sufficient             | Optimal               | Sufficient                                 | Optimal       |  |
| Dako AS48<br>rmAb EP1<br><b>IR084/IS084</b>         | 14/15 (93%)            | 7/15 (47%)            | 19/20 (95%)                                | 7/20 (35%)    |  |
| Dako Omnis<br>rmAb EP1<br><b>GA084</b>              | 12/13 (92%)            | 8/13 (62%)            | 7/8 (88%)                                  | 5/7 (63%)     |  |
| Leica Bond<br>mAb 6F11<br><b>PA009/PA0151</b>       | 1/3                    | 0/3                   | 7/7 (100%)                                 | 5/7 (71%)     |  |
| VMS Ultra/XT/GX<br>rmAb SP1<br><b>790-4324/4325</b> | 35/36 (97%)            | 23/36 (64%)           | 154/160 (96%)                              | 100/160 (62%) |  |

Table 3. Comparison of pass rates for vendor recommended and laboratory modified RTU protocols

\* Protocol settings recommended by vendor – Retrieval method and duration, Ab incubation times, detection kit, IHC stainer/equipment.
\*\* Significant modifications: retrieval method, retrieval duration and Ab incubation time altered >25%, detection kit. Only protocols performed on the specified vendor IHC stainer are included.

ER: Selection of primary Ab and format



# ER: Basic protocol for optimal staining

|                 | Retrieval     | Titre    | Detection           | RTU     | Detection           |
|-----------------|---------------|----------|---------------------|---------|---------------------|
| mAb 1D5         | HIER High     | 1:25-50  | 2- & 3-step         | Dako    | 2- & 3-step         |
| mAb 6F11*       | HIER Ci, High | 1:50-200 | 2- & 3-step         | Leica   | 3-step              |
| <u>rmAb EP1</u> | HIER High     | 1:25–30  | 2- & <u>3</u> -step | Dako    | 2- & <u>3</u> -step |
| rmAb SP1        | HIER High     | 1:30-100 | 2- & 3-step         | Ventana | <u>2</u> - & 3-step |

\* Efficient HIER, high conc., 3-step pol. & low stringent washing can give aberrant nuclear staining Not seen on Ventana stainer, rarely on Autostainer and most commonly on Bond stainer.



### ER: Controls





### Controls

In concordance with previous NordiQC runs, uterine cervix was found to be an appropriate positive tissue control for ER staining: In optimal protocols, virtually all epithelial cells throughout the layers of the squamous epithelium and in the glands showed a moderate to strong and distinct nuclear staining reaction. In the stromal compartment, moderate to strong nuclear staining reaction was seen in most cells except endothelial and lymphatic cells.

Tonsil was found to be highly recommendable as a tool to monitor the analytical sensitivity for the IHC demonstration of ER and was in fact superior to uterine cervix. It was observed, that dispersed germinal centre cells (most likely macrophages) and squamous epithelial cells were distinctively demonstrated in virtually all protocols providing an optimal result.

# Progesteron receptor (PR)



Data obtained in run B24, 2018





### Assessment Run B24 2017 Progesterone receptor (PR)

### Material

| ine : | side to be stalled for FR con | iprised the following t | ssues.             | _   |   |
|-------|-------------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|-----|---|
| No.   | Tissue                        | PR-positivity*          | PR-intensity*      | 2   |   |
| 1.    | Uterine cervix                | 80-90%                  | Moderate to strong | 1   |   |
| 2.    | Tonsil                        | 0%                      | Negative           | 350 | 2 |
| з.    | Breast carcinoma              | 0%                      | Negative           |     | 2 |
| 4.    | Breast carcinoma              | 50-80%                  | Weak to moderate   | 1   |   |
| 5.    | Breast carcinoma              | 40-60%                  | Weak to moderate   | 4   | 1 |
| 6.    | Breast carcinoma              | 90 - 100%               | Moderate to strong |     |   |
|       |                               |                         |                    |     |   |

\*PR-positivity and intensity as characterized by NordiQC reference laboratories using the mAb clone 16

The slide to be stained for PP comprised the following tissues:

Main focus of assessment:

- Appropriate technical quality (signal-to-noise, good morphology etc.)
- Appropriate analytical sensitivity and specificity – indicated by concordance of PR status and proportion of positive cells in the included tumours to references

Breast cancer module – assessment setup (B24)







Carcinoma (High)

Carcinoma (Low)







#### Performance history

PR: Overall

performance

This was the tenth NordiQC assessment of PR. A significant higher proportion of sufficient results was seen in B24 compared to the previous runs, as shown in Graph 1:

### Graph. Pass rate in the NordiQC assessments for PR



Pass rate



# PR: Typical challenges



Too low titre (16, PgR636) Insufficient HIER Clone SP2 and 1E2. 1E2 mainly by off-label protocol (ext. sensitivity) Clone 1A6, Biotin-based kits, HIER in pressure cooker



| Table 1. Antibodies and | ass | essment marks for PR, | run B24 |      |            |
|-------------------------|-----|-----------------------|---------|------|------------|
| Concentrated antibodies | n   | Vendor                | Optimal | Good | Borderline |

| PR: Selection |  |
|---------------|--|
| of primary    |  |
| Ab and        |  |
| format        |  |
|               |  |

| Concentrated antibodies                       | n           | Vendor   | Optimal | Good | Borderline | Poor | Suff.1 | Suff.<br>OPS <sup>2</sup> |
|---|-------------|--|---------|------|------------|------|--------|---------------------------|
| mAb clone <b>16</b>                           | 35<br>2     | Leica/Novocastra<br>Biocare                          | 28      | 9    | 0          | 0    | 100%   | 100%                      |
| mAb clone cocktail 16 +<br>SAN27              | 2           | Leica/Novocastra                                     | 1       | 1    | 0          | 0    | -      | -                         |
| mAb clone 1A6                                 | 2           | Leica/Novocastra                                     | 2       | 0    | 0          | 0    | -      | -                         |
| mAb clone <b>PgR 636</b>                      | 41          | Dako Agilent   | 29      | 12   | 0          | 0    | 100%   | 100%                      |
| mAb clone <b>PgR 1294</b>                     | 16          | Dako Agilent   | 14      | 2    | 0          | 0    | 100%   | 100%                      |
| rmAb clone <b>SP2</b>                         | 1<br>1<br>1 | Thermo Scientific<br>BioSystems<br>Spring Biosystems | 2       | 1    | 0          | 0    | -      | -                         |
| rmAb clone SP42                               | 1<br>1      | Zytomed<br>Cell Marque                               | 1       | 1    | 0          | 0    | -      | -                         |
| rmAb clone Y85                                | 1           | Cell Marque  | 1       | 0    | 0          | 0    | -      | -                         |
| Ready-To-Use<br>antibodies                    |             |  |         |      |            |      |        |                           |
| mAb clone <b>16</b><br>PA0312                 | 17          | Leica/Novocastra                                     | 13      | 4    | 0          | 0    | 100%   | 100%                      |
| mAb clone <b>16</b><br>MAD-000670QD           | 1           | Master Diagnostica                                   | 1       | 0    | 0          | 0    | -      | -                         |
| mAb clone <b>16</b><br>CPM-0360               | 1           | Celnovte   | 1       | 0    | 0          | 0    | -      | -                         |
| mAb PgR 636<br>IR/IS068                       | 43          | Dako Agilent   | 34      | 9    | 0          | 0    | 100%   | 100%                      |
| mAb <b>PgR 1294</b><br>GA090                  | 21          | Dako Agilent   | 17      | 4    | 0          | 0    | 100%   | 100%                      |
| mAb clone PgR 1294<br>K4071/SK310             | 2           | Dako Agilent   | 2       | 0    | 0          | 0    | -      | -                         |
| rmAb clone <b>1E2</b><br><b>790-2223/4296</b> | 193         | Ventana  | 146     | 44   | 3          | 0    | 98%    | 98%                       |
| rmAb clone <b>SP2</b><br>Kit-0013             | 1           | Maixin   | 1       | 0    | 0          | 0    | -      | -                         |
| rmAb clone EP2<br>AN711-5M                    | 1           | BioGenex   | 1       | 0    | 0          | 0    | -      | -                         |
| rmAb <b>SP42</b><br>BRB038                    | 1           | Zytomed  | 1       | 0    | 0          | 0    | -      | -                         |
| Total   | 385         |  | 295     | 87   | 3          | 0    |        |                           |
| Proportion                                    |             |  | 77%     | 22%  | 1%         | -    | 99%    |                           |



Proportion of sufficient stains (optimal or good).
 Proportion of sufficient stains with optimal protocol settings only, see below.

# PR: 1E2 RTU False-positive staining (B18-24)







Typically related to reduced HIER time and/or increased incubation time of primary Ab



# PR: Basic protocol for optimal staining

|             | Retrieval   | Titre       | Detection   | RTU     | Detection |
|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|---------|-----------|
| mAb 16      | HIER High   | 1:75-800    | 2- & 3-step | Leica   | 3-step    |
| mAb PGR636* | HIER (High) | 1:100-800   | 2- & 3-step | Dako    | 3-step    |
| mAb PGR1294 | HIER (High) | 1:250-5.000 | 2- & 3-step | Dako    | 2-step    |
| rmAb 1E2**  | HIER High   | -           | -           | Ventana | 2-step    |

\* *mAb clone PGR636 has shown to be less successful on Ventana BenchMark Ultra* 

\*\* rmAb clone 1E2, RTU might provide aberrant false pos. result by 3-step protocols, reduced HIER and prolonged Ab incubation time compared to Ventana guidelines



## PR: Controls





#### Controls

As observed in the previous NordiQC assessments of PR, uterine cervix is an appropriate positive tissue control for evaluation of the sensitivity of PR staining: With an optimal protocol almost all columnar epithelial cells, the majority of basal squamous epithelial cells and most of the stromal cells must show a strong and distinct nuclear staining with only a minimal cytoplasmic reaction. No staining must be seen in endothelial cells and lymphocytes. However, it must be taken into consideration that the PR expression level is reduced in the uterine cervix of post-menopausal women and thus especially demonstration of PR in squamous epithelial cells can be compromised.

Tonsil is recommendable as negative tissue control, in which no nuclear staining should be seen.



# HER-2 IHC

Data obtained in run B25, 2018







### Assessment Run B25 2018 HER2 IHC

#### Material

The slide to be stained for HER2 comprised the following 5 materials:

|                               | IHC: HER2 Score*<br>(0, 1+, 2+, 3+) | FISH: HER2 gene/chr 17<br>ratio** |   |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---|
| 1. Breast carcinoma, no.<br>1 | 0-1+                                | 1.2 – 1.4 (unamplified)           |   |
| 2. Breast carcinoma, no.<br>2 | 3+                                  | > 6.0 (clusters) (amplified)      | 1 |
| 3. Breast carcinoma, no.<br>3 | 0-1+                                | 1.1 – 1.4 (unamplified)           | 3 |
| 4. Breast carcinoma, no.<br>4 | 2+                                  | 5.3 – 5.8 (amplified)             |   |
| 5. Breast carcinoma, no.<br>5 | 2+                                  | 0.9 – 1.1 (unamplified)           |   |

\* HER2 immunohistochemical score (see table below) as achieved by using the two FDA approved kits and antibodies, HercepTest<sup>™</sup> (Dako) and PATHWAY<sup>®</sup> (Ventana), in NordiQC reference laboratories.

\*\* HER2 gene/chromosome 17 ratios achieved using ZytoLight ® SPEC HER2/CEN 17 Dual Color FISH (Zytovision)

Main focus of assessment:

- Appropriate technical quality (signal-to-noise, good morphology etc.)
- Appropriate analytical sensitivity and specificity – indicated by concordance of HER2 status to IHC reference slides and FISH status in all the included tumours.

Breast cancer module – assessment setup (B25)



| HER2 I  | HC: |
|---------|-----|
| Results | B25 |

| Table 1. Assessment m   | arks fo                | r IHC assays and antibe   | odies run | B25, H  | ER2 IHC    |      | _      |                           |
|---|------------------------|---|-----------|---------|------------|------|--------|---------------------------|
| FDA approved HER2<br>assays   | n                      | Vendor  | Optimal   | Good    | Borderline | Poor | Suff.1 | Suff.<br>OPS <sup>2</sup> |
| PATHWAY <sup>®</sup> rmAb clone<br>4B5, 790-2991                                      | 195                    | Ventana/Roche   | 181       | 14      | 0          | 0    | 100%   | 100%                      |
| PATHWAY <sup>®</sup> rmAb clone<br><b>4B5, 790-2991</b> <sup>4</sup>                  | 2                      | Ventana/Roche   | 2         | 0       | 0          | 0    | -      | -                         |
| CONFIRM™, rmAb clone<br><b>4B5, 790-4493</b>  | 19                     | Ventana/Roche   | 18        | 1       | 0          | 0    | 100%   | 100%                      |
| CONFIRM™, rmAb clone<br><b>4B5, 790-4493</b> ⁴  | 1                      | Ventana/Roche   | 1         | 0       | 0          | 0    | -      | -                         |
| HercepTest™ <b>SK001</b>  | 33                     | Dako/Agilent  | 28        | 5       | 0          | 0    | 100%   | 100%                      |
| HercepTest™ <b>SK001</b> <sup>s</sup>   | 5                      | Dako/Agilent  | 3         | 1       | 1          | 0    | 80%    | -                         |
| HercepTest™ K5204   | 1                      | Dako/Agilent  | 1         | 0       | 0          | 0    | -      | -                         |
| Oracle™ mAb clone<br>CB11, TA9145   | 6                      | Leica   | 4         | 2       | 0          | 0    | 100%   | 100%                      |
| Antibodies <sup>3</sup> for<br>laboratory developed<br>HER2 assays,<br>conc. antibody | n                      | Vendor  | Optimal   | Good    | Borderline | Poor | Suff.1 | Suff.<br>OPS <sup>2</sup> |
| rmAb clone BSR44  | 1                      | Nordic Biosite  | 1         | 0       | 0          | 0    | -      | -                         |
| mAb clone CB11  | 7<br>1                 | Leica/Novocastra<br>Biogenex  | o         | 2       | 4          | 2    | 25%    | -                         |
| rmAB clone EP1045Y  | 2                      | ThermoFisher Scientific   | 1         | 1       | 0          | 0    | -      | -                         |
| pAb clone <b>A0485</b>  | 38                     | Dako/Agilent  | 25        | 9       | 0          | 4    | 89%    | 89%                       |
| rmAb clone RM228  | 1                      | RevMAB Bioscience   | 1         | 0       | 0          | 0    | -      | -                         |
| rmAb clone <b>SP3</b>   | 14<br>4<br>3<br>1<br>1 | ThermoFisher Scientific<br>Zytomed<br>Cell Marque<br>Immunologic<br>Springer Bioscience | 7         | 16      | 0          | 0    | 100%   | 100%                      |
| rmAb clone <b>A24-V</b>   | 1                      | DB Biotech  | 0         | 0       | 1          | 0    | -      | -                         |
| Antibodies for<br>laboratory developed<br>HER2 assays, RTU                            | n                      | Vendor  | Optimal   | Good    | Borderline | Poor | Suff.1 | Suff.<br>OPS <sup>2</sup> |
| rmAb clone EP3,<br>CCR-0843   | 1                      | Celnovte  | 1         | 0       | 0          | 0    | -      | -                         |
| rmAb clone EP3,<br>RMPD049R   | 1                      | Diagnostic Biosystems   | 1         | 0       | 0          | 0    | -      | -                         |
| rmAb clone EP3,<br>AN726  | 1                      | Biogenex  | o         | 0       | 1          | 0    | -      | -                         |
| rmAb clone <b>GR011,</b><br>8362-C010   | 1                      | Sakura Finetek USA Inc  | 1         | 0       | 0          | 0    | -      | -                         |
| Ab clone MXR001,  |                        |   |           |         | 0          | 1    |        |                           |
| KMA-0701  | 1                      | Maixin  | 0         | 0       | 0          | -    | -      | -                         |
| rmAb clone SP3,<br>MAD-000308QD   | 1                      | Maixin<br>Master Diagnostica  | 0         | 1       | 0          | 0    | -      | -                         |
| rmAb clone SP3,<br>MAD-000308QD<br>Total  | 1<br>1<br>342          | Maixin<br>Master Diagnostica  | 0 276     | 1<br>52 | 0 7        | 0    | -      | -                         |

 Proportion of sufficient stains (optimal or good),
 Proportion of sufficient stains with optimal protocol settings only, see below.
 Mab: mouse monoclonal antibody, rmAb: rabbit monoclonal antibody, pAb: polyclonal antibody.
 RTU system developed for the Roche/Ventana's fully automated systems (BenchMark) but used by laboratories on different platforms (e.g. Leica Bond)

5) RTU system developed for the Agilent/Dako's semi-automated systems (Autostainer Link48) but used by laboratories on different platforms (Leica Bond and Dako Omnis)





NordiQC

False negative



Amplified, 3+

C

Amplified, 3+

Unamplified, 3+

Unamplified, 1+



False positive



Typical causes for insufficient results in the NordiQC HER2 IHC breast module

### FDA / CE-IVD HER2 IHC kits

- PATHWAY<sup>®</sup>, Ventana: Too short HIER (<24 min) and/or too short incubation of primary Ab (<12 min)</li>
- HercepTest<sup>™</sup>, Dako: Too short HIER (<40 min) and/or too short incubation of primary & secondary Ab (<30 min)</li>
- Oracle<sup>™</sup>, Leica: No single or combination of causes have been identified

Laboratory developed assays

- Inappropriate titre of primary Ab
- Less successful primary Ab
- Insufficient HIER





Graph 2. Proportion of assessment marks using FDA-/CD-IVD and LD assays

HER2 IHC: FDA-/CD-IVD versus LD assays





Histocyte cell lines HER2 stained with: PATHWAY IHC





# HER-2 ISH

Data obtained in run H13, 2018





#### HER2 BRISH, Technical assessment

The main criteria for assessing a BRISH HER2 analysis as technically **optimal** were the ability to interpret the signals and thus evaluate the HER2/chr17 ratios in all **four** tissues.

Staining was assessed as **good**, if the HER2/chr17 ratios could be evaluated in all **four** tissues, but the interpretation was slightly compromised e.g. due to excessive retrieval, weak or excessive counterstaining or focal negative areas.

Staining was assessed as **borderline** if one of the tissues could not be evaluated properly e.g. due to weak signals, large negative areas with no signals (> 25% of the core) or a low signal-to-noise ratio due to excessive background staining.

Staining was assessed as **poor** if two or more of the tissue cores could not be evaluated properly e.g. due to weak signals, large negative areas with no signals (> 25% of the core) or a low signal-to-noise ratio due to excessive background staining.

#### **HER2 BRISH and FISH interpretation**

For both BRISH and FISH, participating laboratories were asked to submit a scoring sheet with their interpretation of the HER2/chr17 ratio. Results were compared to NordiQC FISH data from reference laboratories to analyze scoring consensus.

Consensus scores from the NordiQC FISH reference laboratories

- Breast ductal carcinomas, no. 1: non-amplified
- Breast ductal carcinomas, no. 2: non-amplified or equivocal
- · Breast ductal carcinoma no. 4 and 5: amplified
- Breast ductal carcinoma no. 3: not assessed



### Assessment Run H13 2018 HER2 (BRISH or FISH)

#### Material

#### Table 1. Content of the multi-block used for the NordiQC HER2 ISH assessment, run H13

|                     | HER2<br>IHC*   | Dual - SISH**        | FISH***              | FISH***<br>HER2 copies |  |  |
|---------------------|--|----------------------|----------------------|------------------------|--|--|
|                     | IHC<br>score   | HER2/chr17<br>ratio¤ | HER2/chr17<br>ratio¤ |                        |  |  |
| 1. Breast carcinoma | 0  | 0.8                  | 0.8 - 1.0            | < 4                    |  |  |
| 2. Breast carcinoma | 2+   | 1.1                  | 1.0 - 1.2            | $\geq$ 4 and < 6       |  |  |
| 3. Breast carcinoma | <i>Core no. 3 was not assessed in run H13, due to suboptimal tissue quality.</i> |                      |                      |                        |  |  |
| 4. Breast carcinoma | 2+   | 2.3                  | 2.8 - 3.3            | > 6                    |  |  |
| 5. Breast carcinoma | 3+   | 8.0                  | 6.5 - 8.5            | > 6                    |  |  |

\* PATHWAY<sup>®</sup> (Ventana/Roche), data from two reference labs.

\*\*\* Inform HER2 Dual ISH kit (Ventana/Roche), range of data from one reference lab.
\*\*\* HER2 FISH (Zytovision), range of data from one reference lab.
×HER2/chr17: HER2 gene/chromosome 17 ratio

# HER2 ISH module – assessment setup (H13)



#### Participation

| Number of laboratories registered for HER2 BRISH | 141       |
|--|-----------|
| Number of laboratories returning slides          | 127 (90%) |
| Number of laboratories returning scoring sheet   | 118 (93%) |
| Number of laboratories registered for HER2 FISH  | 59        |
| Number of laboratories returning scoring sheet   | 55 (93%)  |

### Results BRISH, technical assessment

In total, 127 laboratories participated in this assessment. 90 laboratories (71%) achieved a sufficient mark (optimal or good). Results are summarized in Table 2.

#### Table 2. HER2 BRISH systems and assessment marks for BRISH HER2 run H13.

| Two colour HER2 systems                            | n   | Vendor        | Optimal | Good | Borderline | Poor | Suff.1 | Suff.<br>OPS <sup>2</sup> |
|--|-----|---------------|---------|------|------------|------|--------|---------------------------|
| INFORM™ HER2 Dual ISH<br>800-4422                  | 93  | Ventana/Roche | 32      | 28   | 24         | 9    | 65%    | 69%                       |
| INFORM™ HER2 Dual ISH + IHC<br>800-4422 + HER2 IHC | 17  | Ventana/Roche | 14      | 3    | 0          | 0    | 100%   | 100%                      |
| Zyto <i>Dot®</i> 2C<br>C-3022 / C-3032             | 8   | ZytoVision    | 4       | 1    | 3          | 0    | 63%    | 71%                       |
| One colour HER2 systems                            |     |               |         |      |            |      |        |                           |
| INFORM™ HER2 SISH<br><b>780-4332</b>               | 6   | Ventana/Roche | 1       | 4    | 1          | 0    | 83%    | -                         |
| Zyto <i>Dot®</i><br>C-3003                         | 3   | ZytoVision    | 3       | 0    | 0          | 0    | 100%   | 100%                      |
| Total  | 127 |               | 54      | 36   | 28         | 9    |        | -                         |
| Proportion   |     |               | 43%     | 28%  | 22%        | 7%   | 71%    |                           |

1) Proportion of sufficient stains.

2) Proportion of sufficient stains with optimal protocol settings only, see below.



HER2 ISH: BRISH results H13









Tycial causes for insufficient BRISH HER2 results

- INFORM<sup>™</sup> HER2 Dual ISH, Ventana
  - Excessive proteolysis (> 16 min)
  - HIER in CC1
- DuoCISH<sup>™</sup> pharmDx<sup>™</sup>, Dako
  - Insufficient proteolysis
  - Inappropriate handling of chromogen
- ZytoDot<sup>®</sup> 2C, ZytoVision
  - Excessive proteolysis
- However, in most insufficient results no single cause (or combination) could be identified



# Development of pass rate in the NordiQC HER2 ISH module

Graph 1. Proportion of sufficient results for HER2 BRISH in the NordiQC assessment



Nordige

### HER2 Gene-Protein-Assay (Roche): HER2 IHC + DDISH (800-4422)



<u>Pass rates</u> H9: 86% (n=7) H10: 75% (n=12) H11: 50% (n=14) H12: 94% (n=17) H13: 100% (n=17)



# Conclusions

Pass rates for ER, PR and HER2 IHC have improved due to robust clones and high quality IHC systems.

CE-IVD labelled RTU assays / systems show superior performance compared to laboratory developed assays.

HER2 BRISH (DDISH/SISH/CISH) results have not been improved significantly.

